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City of Alexandria, Virginia

MEMORANDUM

DATE:

JUNE 6, 2012

TO:

THE HONORABLE MAYOR AND MEMBERS OF CITY COUNCIL

FROM:

RASHAD M. YOUNG, CITY MANAGER

SUBJECT:

MONTHLY FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDING

APRIL 30, 2012

ISSUE: Receipt of the City's Monthly Financial Report for the period ending April 30, 2012.

RECOMMENDATION: That City Council receive the following Monthly Financial Report for the period ending April 30, 2012.

<u>DISCUSSION</u>: This report includes highlights of the City's financial condition and provides fiscal year (FY) 2012 financial information on revenues and expenditures of the General Fund for the period ending April 30, 2012. Detailed economic, revenue, and expenditure charts are also available from the City of Alexandria website at alexandriava.gov/FinancialReports.

ECONOMIC HIGHLIGHTS:

New home sales and the strength of the housing market recovery – The March new home sales report from the U.S. Census Bureau showed an increase of 7.5 percent in the number of new home sales from March 2011. Additionally, nationally sales for January, February, and March are up about 17 percent from the weakest three month period during the housing downturn.

However, distressed home sales continue to account for a large portion of home sales (40 percent in March) according to the National Association of Realtors (NAR). Additionally, distressed home sales sold for approximately 20 percent less than other home sales according to NAR. The high number of distressed home sales along with the relatively low sales point continues to dampen the overall health of the national housing market by keeping sale prices down and discouraging development as developers cannot compete with the lowered rate of return. This has created what is being called the "distressing" gap, or the difference between new and existing home sales. The most recent Standard and Poor's Rating Services' estimates that the time it will take to clear the supply of distressed homes on the U.S. market is now about 46 months. This is slightly lower than the S&P forecast from the previous quarter.

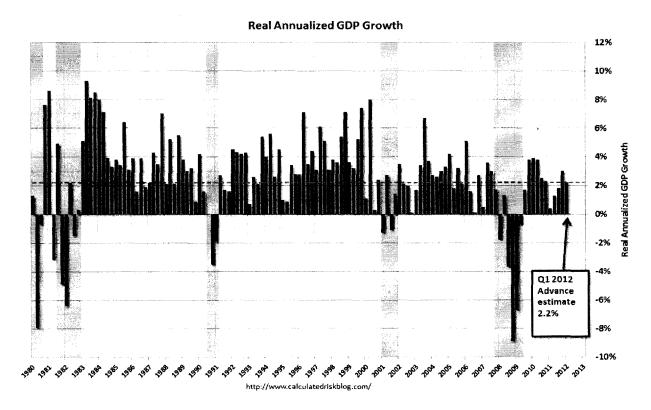
Below is a graph showing the "distressing" gap between existing home sales (left axis) and new home sales (right axis) through March 2012.

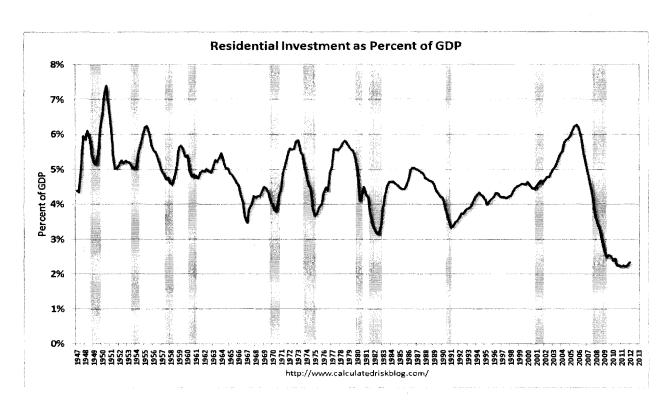


New Residential Construction Permits – In March the City received 41 new single family residential (one and two family units) construction permits. This brings the fiscal year to date total of single family permits to 112. Through March 2012 the annual total number of new residential permits is 173 with 112 coming from single family and 61 from multi family. Through March 2011, the annual total number of new residential permits was 62 with 34 coming from single family and 28 from multi family. This equates to a year-over-year increase of 179 percent in total residential permits from March 2011 to March 2012. Of the 41 new single family permits issued in March, 27 are from Potomac Yard while the other 14 are from development on Alfred Street between Madison and Montgomery. By comparison, total residential permits nationally increased 4.5 percent from February 2012 to March 2012 and 30.1 percent from March 2011 to March 2012.

GDP update – The GDP report was weaker than expected with 2.2 percent real GDP growth annualized (projections were for 2.5 percent growth). Personal consumption expenditures increased at a 2.9 percent annual rate, and residential investment (residential investment includes construction of new single and multifamily structures, residential remodeling, production of manufactured homes, and brokers' fees) increased at a 19.1 percent annual rate. The relatively mild winter likely boosted personal consumption and residential investment; however, residential investment as a percent of GDP (2.4 percent) is still near record lows. In previous post-war

recessions residential investment bounced back quickly, typically within one quarter, but this time due to the excess supply of existing vacant housing units, residential investment has dragged for 11 quarters.





REVENUE HIGHLIGHTS:

Year-to-Date Revenues: As of April 30, 2012, ten months into the fiscal year, actual General Fund revenues totaled \$359.1 million, which is four percent higher than FY 2011 for the same period. Most of this increase is related to the budgeted real estate and personal property taxes (discussed below), which have increased four percent and nine percent, respectively, over last year. This report includes the April re-estimates described in Budget Memo # 48, which anticipated an additional \$1.7 million in revenues above those previously budgeted.

- **Personal Property Taxes/Motor Vehicle License:** The FY 2012 vehicle assessments included 5,000 more cars than the FY 2011 billing. The resulting increase in revenue of approximately \$3.0 million has already been included in the FY 2013 Approved Budget. Based on current collections, staff projects FY 2012 revenues to be at least \$37.2 million, an increase of \$0.3 million over the April projection.
- Consumer Utility Taxes: The decrease in these taxes is primarily due to the relatively mild winter.
- Communication Taxes: The decrease in these taxes is primarily attributable to a one time refund issued to a large wireless provider that collected taxes on data services for various wireless devices used by their customers. The total amount of the refund, including interest, was \$12.9 million, and the City's share was \$0.3 million.
- Recordation Tax: The increase in this tax is primarily the result of the sale and

refinancing of a few large commercial properties. Based on current collections, primarily for residential refinancings, staff projects collections will be approximately \$4.8 million, an increase of \$0.7 million above the April projection.

- Revenue from Federal Government: The increase in Federal revenue primarily represents the timing of payments for the Federal Prisoner Per Diem.
- Other Local Taxes: The decrease of 31 percent in other local taxes is primarily a result of the variable timing of quarterly payments.
- Charges for Service: The increase in charges for services is primarily the result of a budgeted increase in meter fees (to \$1.75/hour) implemented with the installation of the new multi-space meters midway through FY 2011. In addition, planning permit fees also show increased activity for FY 2012. Based on collections to date, staff projects charges for services will be at least \$15.6 million, an increase of \$0.6 million over the April projections.

EXPENDITURE HIGHLIGHTS:

Year-to-Date Expenditures: As of April 30, 2012, actual General Fund expenditures totaled \$404.4 million, an increase of \$20.1 million, or five percent, above expenditures for the same period last year. The revised budget reflects amounts that were appropriated in the supplemental appropriation ordinances approved in November and April, including bond refunding in April. Personnel expenditures remain on par with last year. These personnel expenditures are higher than last year by three percent but match the percent of payrolls completed, which is 83 percent. Non-personnel spending increased seven percent but is only 53.5 percent of the budget so far. For many departments, differences in spending patterns reflect the timing of bill payments and not necessarily changes in spending patterns. We are, and will continue to be, closely monitoring and controlling these expenditures to be at or below budget.

- **Emergency Communications:** The increase is primarily attributable to overtime costs that have occurred while the department continues to increase staffing to appropriate levels.
- **Health:** Increased expenditures reflect a timing difference in payments made to the Commonwealth of Virginia for contract health services.
- Community and Human Services: Increased expenditures are the result of a significant increase in Comprehensive Services Act costs in the third quarter, due to an increase in the department's caseload.
- **Debt Service:** The increase reflects budgeted debt service for new bonds issued in June 2010 and July 2011 and refunded bonds in April 2012. A portion of the interest cost (\$1.2 million) is reimbursed from the federal government as part of the Build America

Bonds program.

• Non- Departmental: General Fund expenditures do not include the costs for several emergencies shown in the following table. The City has been included in the Presidential declarations, which makes certain expenditures eligible for federal reimbursement. Staff continues to work with FEMA and insurance adjustors on the reimbursement requests. Though no reimbursements have been received yet, \$0.3 million has been approved for the earthquake only for costs directly associated with the event. The City is responsible for other repairs made at the same time, such as resealing or adding chimney caps. The Tropical Storm Lee cost estimate includes \$2.34 million to \$3.55 million in damages to the Holmes Run sewer. City Council committed fund balances to offset any costs not reimbursed by FEMA and insurance filings. Initial reviews of the projects indicate that most of the cost is for sanitary sewer work that is not eligible for reimbursement since the projects currently being considered would move these sewer lines from their pre-disaster location.

Additional costs are included in the General Fund expenditures relating to the February line of duty death incident, which resulted in the death of Alexandria Paramedic Joshua Weismann.

Event	Cost	Other
Tropical Storm Lee	\$2.34 to \$3.55 million	Declaration could reduce some costs.
Hurricane Irene	0.76 million	Declaration could reduce to between \$0.3 and \$0.4 million.
Earthquake	0.54 million	\$0.3 million approved to date.
9/11 Terrorist Preparation	0.02 million	All City cost.
February Line of Duty Death Incident, Funeral and associated costs (Fire paramedic)	0.4 million	City expenses included in the General Fund.

• **Schools:** The City will provide approximately 75 percent of the estimated funds required to operate the City public school system in FY 2012.

ONLINE REFERENCES:

Online Reference 1-The Economy Online Reference 2-Revenues Online Reference 3-Expenditures

STAFF:

Laura Triggs, Acting Chief Financial Officer

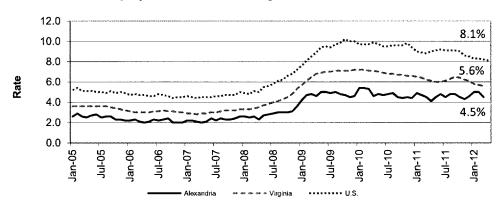
Morgan Routt, Acting Director, Office of Management & Budget Berenice Harris, Finance Department Matthew Behrens, Office of Management & Budget Melinda Barton, Finance Department

SELECTED ECONOMIC INDICATORS

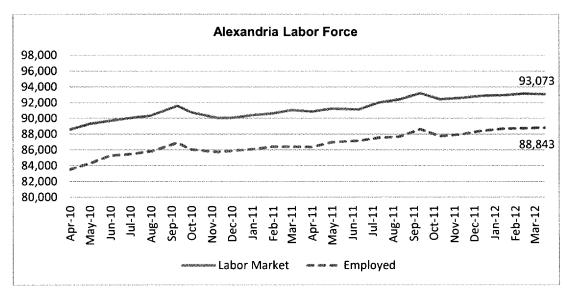
C D. I. I. (CDI I)	Change on			
Consumer Price Index (CPI-U)	Previous Year			
for the Washington-Baltimore,	2.20/			
DC-MD-VA-WV Area (as of March 2012)	3.2%			
For the United States (as of March 2012)	2.7%			
Core CPI-U (excludes food and energy)	2.3%			
(as of March 2012)				
(Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics)				
of Labor Statistics)				
Unemployment Rates	Current Month	Prior Month	Prior Year	
Alexandria (as of March 2012)	4.5%	5.0%	4.5%	
Virginia (as of March 2012)	5.6%	5.7%	6.2%	
United States (as of April 2012)	8.1%	8.2%	9.0%	
(Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor				
Statistics)				
Office Version Deter	G	Post-on Co. :	D	
Office Vacancy Rates	Current Quarter			
Alexandria	14.4%	13.6%	12.1%	
Northern Virginia	13.9%	13.3%	12.9%	
Washington, DC Metro area	12.2%	11.7%	11.5%	
(As of 1st quarter, 2012)				
(Source: CoStar)				Change on
	Current Year		Prior Year	Change on Previous Year
New Business Licenses				
New Business Licenses 3 month trailing average	70		59	18.6%
3 month trailing average	70		59	18.6%
	70		59	18.6%
3 month trailing average (As of April 2012) (Source: Finance Department)				18.6%
3 month trailing average (As of April 2012) (Source: Finance Department) New Commercial Construction (excluding Apartme		ilding Renovati		18.6%
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Source: Dept of Real Estate Assessments

Unemployment Rate - U.S., Virginia, and Alexandria



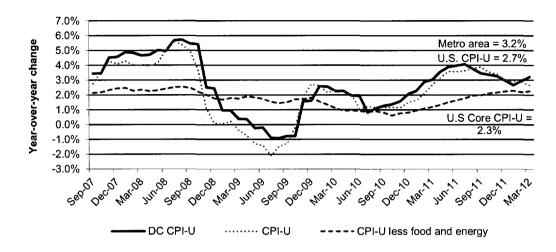
Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics U.S. through April 2012; Virginia and Alexandria through March 2012 *Alexandria unemployment is not seasonally-adjusted, while U.S. and Virginia are seasonally-adjusted.



Source: Virginia Employment Commission

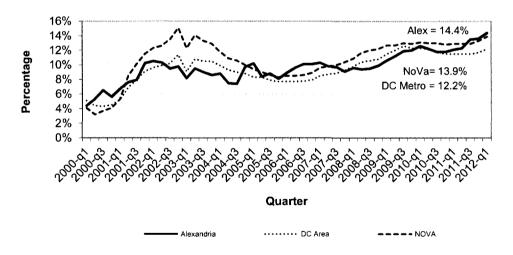
Through March 2012 *Not seasonally adjusted.

Annual Change in Consumer Price Index



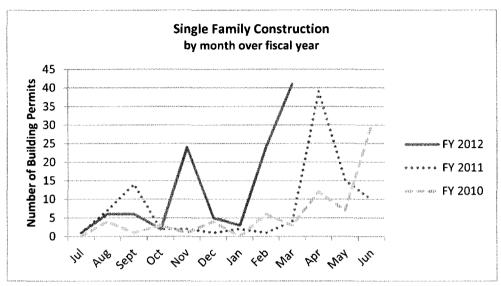
Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics Through March 2012

Office Vacancy Rates

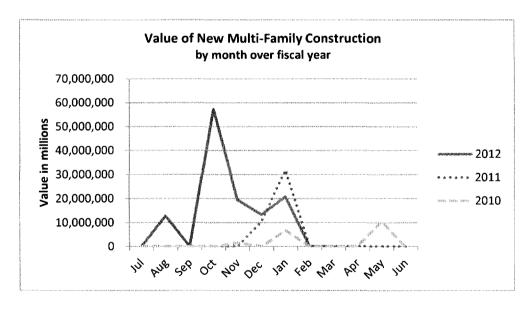


Source: CoStar

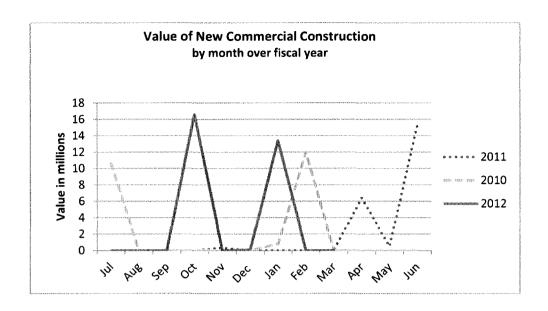
Through 1st quarter, 2012



Source: Code Enforcement Through March 2012

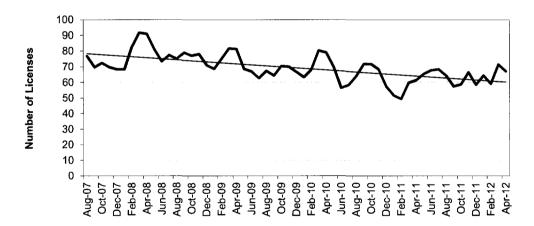


Source: Code Enforcement Through March 2012



Source: Code Enforcement Through March 2012

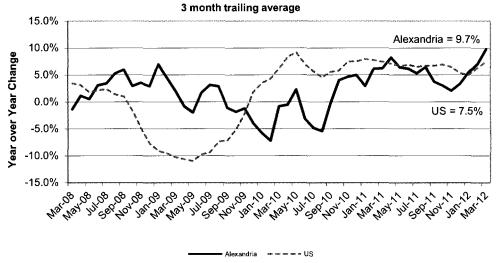
Number of New Business License Applications Three Month Trailing Average



Source: Finance Department Through April 2012

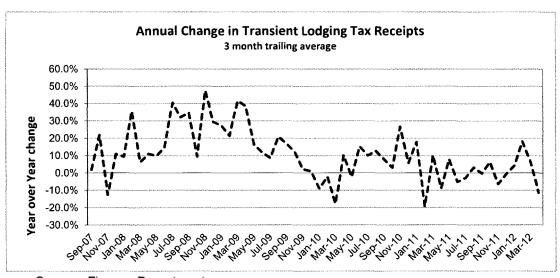
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Annual Change in U.S. Retail Sales & Alexandria Sales Tax Collections



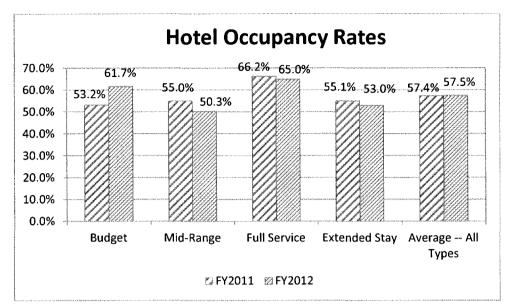
Source: Finance Department, U.S. Census Bureau

Data: Through March 2012

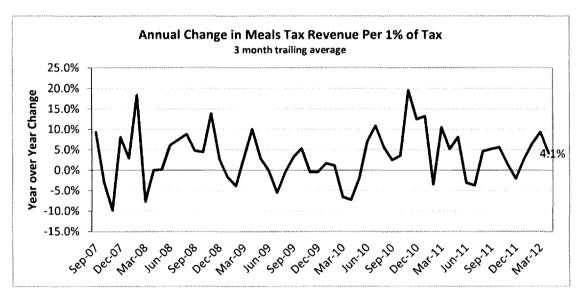


Source: Finance Department

Through April 2012



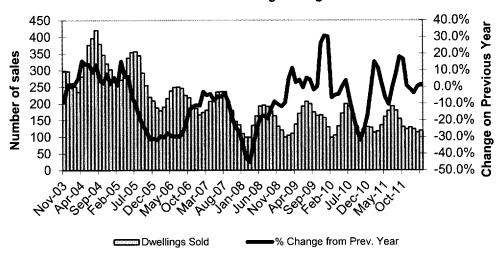
Source: Finance Department Through January 2012



Source: Finance Department

Through April 2012

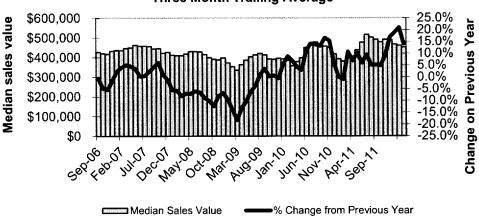
Alexandria Residential Property Sales Volume Three Month Trailing Average



Source: Department of Real Estate Assessments

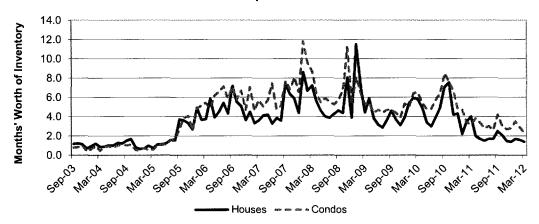
Through March 2012

Alexandria Residential Property Median Sales Value Three Month Trailing Average



Sources: Metropolitan Regional Information Systems; Department of Real Estate Assessments Through March 2012

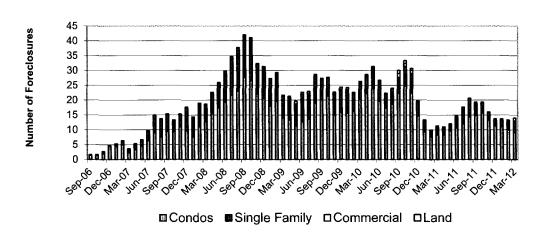
Months' Worth of Inventory City of Alexandria 2003 - present



Source: Metropolitan Regional Information Systems

Through March 2012

New Foreclosures in Alexandria 3 month trailing average



Source: Department of Real Estate Assessments

Through March 2012

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES

GENERAL FUND FOR THE PERIODS ENDING APRIL 30, 2012 AND APRIL 30, 2011

		A		В		B2		C	D=C/B		E	F=(C-E)/E
	FY2011 ACTUALS		FY2012 REVISED BUDGET		PV 2012 PROJECTE) REVENUES			FY2012		FY2011		
							REVENUES THRU 4/30/12		% OF BUDGET	REVENUES THRU 04/30/11		% CHANGE
General Property Taxes												
Real Property Taxes	s	312,641,695	S	321,991,875	\$	324,999,992	S	160,407,302	49.8%	S	154,234,396	4%
Personal Property Taxes		34,891,944		34,600,000		37,250,000		37,031,405	107.0%		34,083,409	9%
Penalties and Interest		2,246,186		1,870,000		2,125,000		1,682,256	90.0%		1,793,974	-6%
Total General Property Taxes	S	349,779,825	S	358,461,875	S	364,374,992	\$	199,120,963	55.5%	S	190,111,779	5%
Other Local Taxes	675,000		W. S.Y.		H2 TO							
Local Sales and Use Taxes	\$	23,880,909	S	24,200,000	\$	24,600,000	S	16,091,921	66.5%	s	15,382,542	5%
Consumer Utility Taxes		10,812,989	-	11,200,000		10,800,000		7,829,827	69.9%		8,187,188	-4%
Communication Sales and Use Taxes		11,259,534		11,600,000		11,100,000		7,251,951	62.5%		7,680,304	-6%
Business License Taxes		30,444,798		31,825,000		32,600,000		29,714,507	93.4%		28,353,736	5%
Transient Lodging Taxes		11,245,201		12,500,000		11,800,000		7,921,846	63.4%		7,841,396	1%
Restaurant Meals Tax		16,214,900		16,300,000		16,500,000		11,625,791	71.3%		11,319,143	3%
Tobacco Taxes		2,777,053		2,900,000		2,700,000		1,989,191	68.6%		2,057,594	-3%
Motor Vehicle License Tax		3,324,937		3,200,000		3,400,000		3,200,283	100.0%		3,155,301	1%
Real Estate Recordation		3,668,663		3,800,000		4,800,000		3,755,538	98.8%		2,759,751	36%
Admissions Tax		1,082,685		1,100,000		1,100,000		804,868	73.2%		765,239	5%
Other Local Taxes		3,547,688		2,705,000		3,335,275		493,441	18.2%		711,330	-31%
Total Other Local Taxes	5	118,259,357	5	121,330,000	S	122,735,275	S	90,679,164	74.7%	S	88,213,524	3%
Total Office Local Faxes	-	110,237,337	-	121,330,000	-	122,133,213	-	70,077,104	74,770	3	00,219,924	3/1
Intergovernmental Revenues	0.00	Stement of			19.4		TER A		MINIBAL BELLEVI			
Revenue from the Fed. Government	. \$	9,697,509	\$	9,447,640	\$	9,950,206	\$	7,720,968	81.7%	\$	7,022,997	10%
Personal Property Tax Relief from												
the Commonwealth		23,578,531		23,578,531		23,578,531		23,106,959	98.0%		23,106,960	0%
Revenue from the Commonwealth		20,452,569	_	19,950,485	_	20,222,485		16,588,855	83.2%	_	15,676,191	6%
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	S	53,728,609	\$	52,976,656	S	53,751,222	\$	47,416,782	89.5%	\$	45,806,148	4%
Other Governmental Revenues And	15/183									NES S		MARLEN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN
Transfers In												
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	4,472,520	\$	4,764,000	\$	4,594,000	S	3,896,222	81.8%	S	3,635,218	7%
Licenses and Permits		2,543,789		2,049,975		2,313,650		1,969,868	96.1%		2,102,025	-6%
Charges for City Services		14,939,668		14,709,303		15,554,303		11,593,032	78.8%		10,284,579	13%
Revenue from Use of Money & Prop		3,591,323		3,570,000		3,535,000		3,354,921	94.0%		3,082,475	9%
Other Revenue		987,727		490,000		510,000		1,063,929	217.1%		743,269	43%
Transfer from Other Funds		1,446,713		1,666,903		1,666,903			0.0%			0%
Total Other Governmental Revenues	\$	27,981,740	5	27,250,181	5	28,173,856	\$	21,877,972	80.3%	5	19,847,566	10%
TOTAL REVENUE	s	549,749,531	S	560,018,712	\$	569,035,345	S	359,094,881	64.1%	s	343,979,017	4%
Appropriated Fund Balance												
General Fund				8,961,138				-			-	0%
Appropriation of refunding bond proceeds				73,454,827		73,454,827		73,454,827				071
Reappropriation of FY 2011						10110 1900						
Encumbrances And Other												
Supplemental Appropriations				11,156,009		11,100,514						0%
TOTAL	\$	549,749,531	2	653,590,686	•	653,590,686	S	432,549,708	66.2%	S	343,979,017	26%

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS BY FUNCTION GENERAL FUND

FOR THE PERIODS ENDING APRIL 30, 2012 AND APRIL 30, 2011

		A FY2011		B FY2012 REVISED		C FY2012 PENDITURES	D=C/B % OF BUDGET		E FY2011 PENDITURES	F=(C-E)/E EXPENDITURES %
FUNCTION		ACTUALS		BUDGET		IRU 04/30/12	EXPENDED	-	IRU 04/30/11	CHANGE
Legislative & Executive	\$	5,076,332	S	5,417,296	\$	4,332,841	80.0%	\$	5,322,962	-19%
Judicial Administration	\$	38,393,185	S	39,976,309	\$	33,156,979	82.9%	\$	32,308,469	3%
Staff Agencies					2 5 6			Winds		LA RENIEW
Information Technology Services	\$	7,181,221	\$	7,598,174	\$	5,972,815	78.6%	\$	5,256,682	14%
Management & Budget		1,063,491		1,236,389		813,666	65.8%		893,958	-9%
Finance		9,872,634		11,558,875		8,149,398	70.5%		7,519,052	8%
Real Estate Assessment		1,470,112		1,674,469		1,308,619	78.2%		1,200,765	9%
Human Resources		2,820,166		2,996,676		2,296,861	76.6%		2,286,650	0%
Planning & Zoning		5,335,556		5,623,460		4,604,260	81.9%		4,413,358	49
Economic Development Activities		3,719,232		4,721,167		3,944,546	83.6%		3,460,781	149
City Attorney		2,325,670		2,652,088		2,009,435	75.8%		1,918,325	5%
Registrar		1,007,110		1,203,860		943,672	78.4%		874,944	89
General Services		11,681,427		12,486,884		9,962,716	79.8%		9,432,419	6%
Total Staff Agencies	\$	46,476,619	S	51,752,042	\$	40,005,988	77.3%	\$	37,256,934	79/
Operating Agencies										
Transportation & Environmental Services	s	27,532,364	\$	29,293,959	\$	23,803,347	81.3%	S	21,900,563	9%
The		35,892,427	4	35,164,700	,	30,898,103	87.9%	9	30,872,255	09
Police		51,013,585		51,342,298		41,934,443	81.7%		43,542,385	-4%
Emergency Communications		1,842,911		5,945,007		5,273,987	88.7%		45,542,565	-42
Code				923,364			71.7%		706,302	-6%
		843,814		The state of the s		662,059			2010/08/01/00	-9%
Transit Subsidies		8,094,839		8,564,122		6,966,046	81.3%		7,651,441	
Community and Human Services		13,920,947		14,845,827		12,462,329	83.9%		10,535,434	18%
Health.		7,854,474		8,379,225		7,241,231	86.4%		6,196,128	17%
Historic Resources.		2,560,919		2,824,565		2,360,810	83.6%		2,118,435	11%
Recreation	\$	19,025,423	S	19,632,384	\$	15,326,981	78.1% 83.1%	\$	139,326,165	-3% 5%
Total Operating Agencies	0	100,301,703	3	170,713,431	3	140,329,330	03.170	3	139,320,103	370
Education										
Schools	\$	167,886,567	\$	174,956,420	\$	125,192,701	71.6%	\$	120,806,685	4%
Other Educational Activities	_	12,229	_	12,288		12,288	100.0%		12,229	0%
Total Education	_\$	167,898,796	_\$	174,968,708	_\$	125,204,989	71.6%	\$	120,818,914	4%
Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous										
Debt Service	S	38,479,349	\$	116,892,906	S	27,223,695	23.3%	S	21,185,348	28.5%
Expenses on refunding bonds		J. 100 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- 2	A COMPANY OF A CONTROL OF	s	695,319	E2 CW 1100	0.00		5773767
Non-Departmental		12,427,609		13,408,749	-	8,609,599	64.2%		8,655,059	-0.5%
General Cash Capital.		5,545,000		4,915,986		4,915,986	100.0%		5,545,000	-11.3%
Contingent Reserves		3,343,000		977,517		4,713,700	0.0%		5,545,000	-11.53
Total Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous	\$	56,451,958	\$	136,195,158		41,444,599	30.4%	\$	35,385,407	17.19
TOTAL PURPORTURES		193 070 503		505 224 064	210.00	201 074 722	((00)		270 (10 05)	5.69
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	482,878,593	5	585,224,964	S	391,074,732	66.8%	\$	370,418,851	5.6%
Cash Match (Transportation/Mental Health/Mental Retardation/										
Substance Abuse, Human Services and Library										
and Transfers to the Special Revenue Fund)		33,360,416		51,453,962						
Transfer to Housing.		1,715,904		2,238,807		1,106,579	49.4%		1,312,992	-15.7%
Transfer to Library.		5,879,455		6,644,953		5,535,246	83.3%		5,223,459	6.0%
Transfer to DASH.		8,178,196		8,028,000		6,687,324	83.3%		6,503,888	2.8%
TOTAL EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS	S	532,012,564	S	653,590,686	\$	404,403,881	61.9%	ŝ	383,459,190	5.5%
										4
Total Expenditures by Category							(5.25) OF 60	1300	V45 (157 L155)	
Salaries and Benefits	\$	181,704,996	\$	187,885,023	\$	155,355,181	82.7%	S	150,770,632	3.09
Non Personnel (includes all school funds)	4	350,307,568	-	465,705,663	-	249,048,700	53.5%	-	232,688,558	7.0%
Total Expenditures	5	532,012,564	\$	653,590,686	S	404,403,881	61.9%	\$	383,459,190	5.5%
	-				-		OHI CONTRACTOR			

Monthly Financial Report

Through April 2012



City of Alexandria

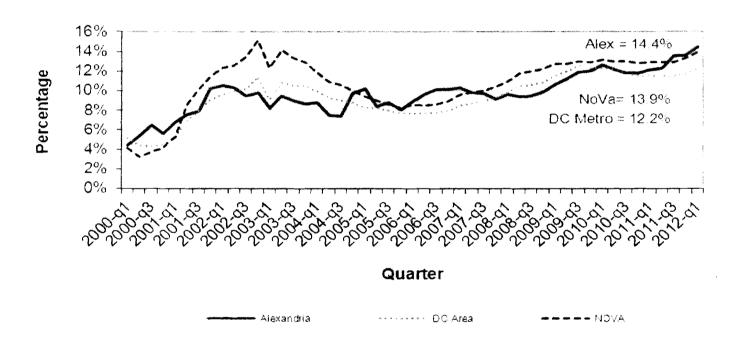
Monthly Financial Report



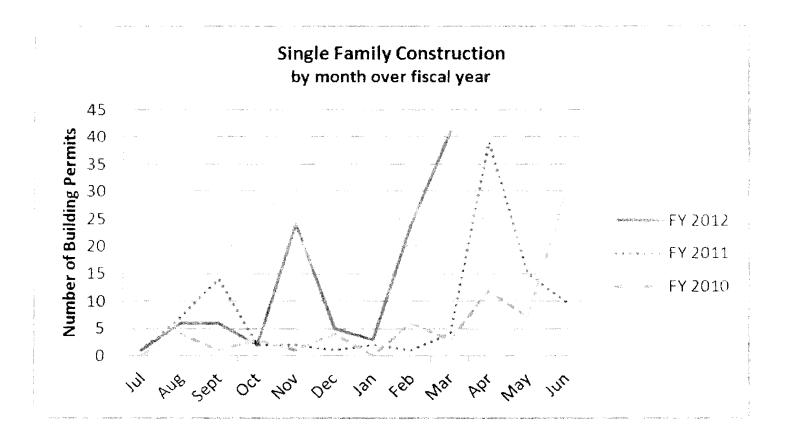


City of Alexandria

Office Vacancy Rates

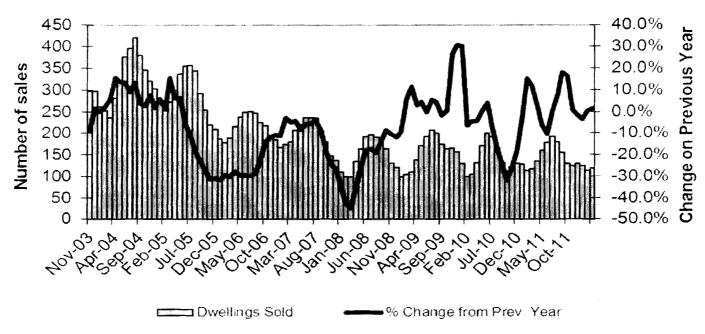








Alexandria Residential Property Sales Volume Three Month Trailing Average

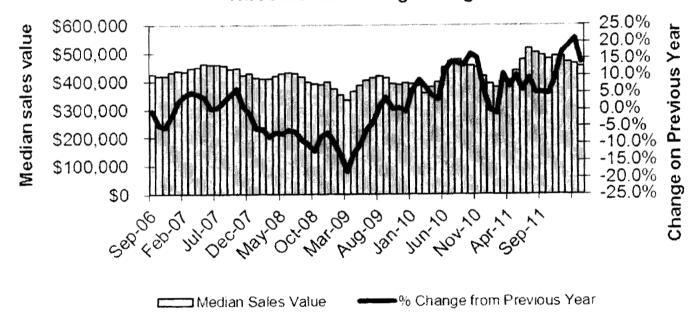




City of Alexandria

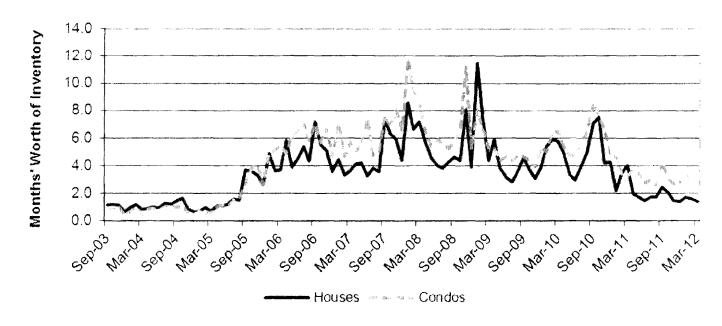
Monthly Financial Report

Alexandria Residential Property Median Sales Value Three Month Trailing Average



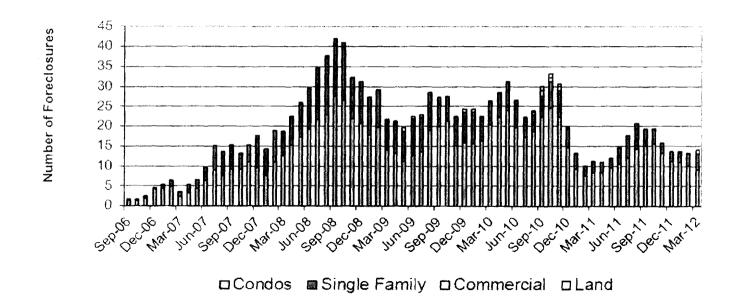


Months' Worth of Inventory City of Alexandria 2003 - present





New Foreclosures in Alexandria 3 month trailing average





City of Alexandria