CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

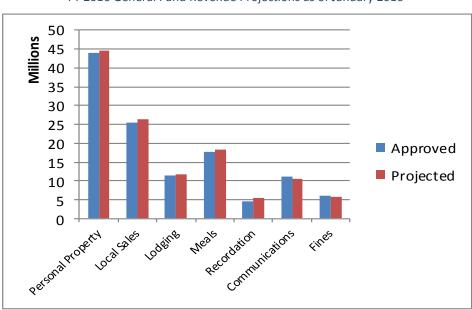
Monthly Financial Report January 2016



Report Summary—Revenues

General Property tax collections are comparing favorably to the prior year through the first seven months. Through January 2016 property tax revenues received are 54.3 percent of the budgeted amount., which compares favorably to the same time period last year in which collections were 53.9 percent of the total amount received in FY 2015. Real Property tax revenues through January 2016 are \$188.4 million or 49.3 percent of the budgeted amount. Preliminary revenue projections for FY 2016 have been developed as part of the FY 2017 budget process. Based on the proposed one cent increase in the real property tax and a slightly higher increase in the total tax base in calendar year 2016 than was assumed for the FY 2016 Approved Budget, real property taxes are projected to exceed the budgeted amount if, in large part, City Council adopts the recommended tax rate increase. The tax rate decisions that will take place as part of the FY 2017 budget process will impact the June 2016 real property tax payment and will impact FY 2016 revenues. The additional funds generated by the proposed tax increase have been proposed by the City Manager to be Assigned Fund Balance for one-time funding initiatives in the Proposed Operating Budget, as well as ensuring that the City maintains its policies surround Fund Balance as a percentage of General Fund Revenues. In addition, collections from vehicle personal property taxes are higher than the budgeted amount. Typically, lower fuel prices lead to an increase in larger, less fuel-efficient vehicles that have a higher value (i.e., SUV's) and result in more personal property tax revenue.

Other local taxes continue to compare favorably to last year. In some cases the variance is due to the timing of payments and not any significant economic factor, however there are several categories that are outperforming the prior year. Local Sales and Use Tax revenue through January 2016 is \$10.9 million, compared to \$10.6 million. The midyear projection reflects total revenue for FY 2016 of \$26.3 million, which exceeds the budgeted amount by \$0.8 million. Holiday sales will be remitted to the City in February. Although restaurant meals revenue is not quite at the same level it was at this time in FY 2015, it is still excepted to exceed the budgeted amount by approximately \$0.55 million. Admissions tax is lower compared to FY 2015 due to the timing of payments. In FY 2015, one of the July payments for June attendance was received too late in August to make the FY 2014 cutoff, so it was reflected as revenue for FY 2015. In August this year, both July payments were received in a timely manner and as a result were included in FY 2015. Recordation tax collections are averaging \$0.5 million per month, compared to \$0.4 million in FY 2015. Revenues from Recordation tax are expected to equal revenues collected in FY 2015. The chart below compares the budgeted and projected amounts, as well as collections through January 2016 for several major categories of revenue.



FY 2016 General Fund Revenue Projections as of January 2016

The Monthly Financial Report details the City's General Fund revenues and expenditures as of the last day of the month, compares revenues and expenditures to historical data, and focuses on specific economic indicators relevant for the month. This report is presented to City Council by the City Manager and made available to the public.

REVENUES



REVENUE VARIANCES IN DETAIL

Variances in FY16 YTD Revenue from FY15 YTD Revenue	Explanation
General Property Taxes	Variances in property tax revenues relate to the timing of payments, not on any significant economic condition. Second half 2015 Real Estate payments were received in November and the majority of personal property taxes were collected in October. Staff will continue to register vehicles for new residents and new purchases throughout the year. Delinquent taxes will continue to be pursued throughout the remainder of the fiscal year It is expected that approximately 98.5 percent of 2015 personal property taxes will be collected within this fiscal year with that collection rate eventually rising higher than 99 percent of the total amount owed.
Admissions Tax	The City's largest remittances come from two movie theatres. In FY 2015, one of the July payments for June attendance was received later in the August so it is included as revenue for FY 2015. In August this year, both July payments were received earlier in the month and as a result were included in FY 2015.
Revenue from the Fed. Government	Federal revenue is higher compared to the prior year due to the timing of the receipt of the tax credit for Build America Bonds.
Other Revenue	In FY 2015, final revenue collections reflect the proceeds from the sale of the old Health Department Building of approximately \$5.3 million. FY 2016 reflects normal activity for the year. It is worth noting that this small category is performing well compared to the budgeted amount. This is due to collections for insurance recoveries.
Fines and Forfeitures	Although revenues from Fines and Forfeitures is higher than last year through this same time period, as a percent of budget it is showing a significant variance due to the increase in the budgeted amount that is not being realized. Revenue from moving violations is down. Two motor officers have been hired and it is anticipated that this revenue source will improve when they are placed in service. Staff will continue to monitor this area of revenue through the coming months.

ECONOMIC INDICATORS



2016 Real Property Assessments

On February 9, 2016, the City released the Assessment Report for Calendar Year 2016. The City's \$38.2 billion tax base provides the most significant source of revenue to support government operations. In 2016, the total tax base increased by 2.82 percent, from \$37.15 to \$38.20.

Locally-assessed properties increased by \$1.027 billion compared to January 1, 2015, which was fairly evenly distributed between residential properties (\$517.2 million) and the commercial tax base (\$510.0 million).

During the year there are administrative changes, as well as adjustments through the Board of Equalization. When comparing the changes to the tax base at the end of December that reflects changes that occurred throughout the year, \$854.9 million was due to appreciation and \$306.5 million was due to new growth or construction.

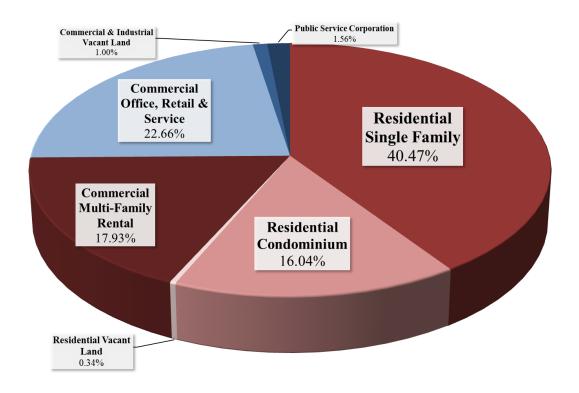
The average single family home is increasing 2.25% to \$720,701, while the average condominium is increasing by just under one percent, to \$306,883.

The total number of residential units in the City grew from 40,976 to 41,093. The number of properties with a median assessment between \$250,000 and \$499,999 declined from 13,494 to 12,526, and the number of unit with a median assessment between \$100,000 and \$249,000 grow from 9,089 to 9,496. In 2016 there are 64 residential properties assessed at \$100,000 or less compared to only 56 in 2015.

The commercial tax base grew by 3.32 percent compared to 2015.

The commercial growth was fueled by increases in shopping centers anchored by a grocery store. Shopping centers grew by 8.6 percent in 2016. Warehouses and self-storage units also increased in value by 8.8 percent. Apartment buildings also continued to show solid growth at 4.35 percent.

The distribution of the City's tax base is shown below.



CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

Monthly Financial Report January 2016



Report Summary—Expenditures

As of January 31, 2016, General Fund expenditures totaled \$352.1 million, which equals 52.9 percent of the budgeted expenditures for FY 2016. At this time period, the City is approximately 58.3 percent of the way through the fiscal year and 58.4 percent of payrolls have been processed. There are several departments that are now trending higher than the percentage of the fiscal year completed. This is largely due to additional expenses that were incurred at the end of January to respond to the snow event. With the exception of the Fire Department, all operating agencies are below the percentage of their total expenditures through the first seven months of FY 2015. Operating agencies have expended 57.8 percent of the budgeted amount compared to 58.7 percent through January 2015. Staff agencies are significant below their expenditure levels of the prior year at 52.2 percent of the approved budget. Agencies that receive quarterly transfers (Economic Development Activities, Transit Subsidies) and other interdepartmental transfers (Cash Capital) will reflect expenditure percentages much greater than the percent of the fiscal year that has occurred. For example, three quarterly payments have been made to the Economic Development Partnership and ACVA, or 75% of the budgeted amount, which is a significant variance compared to the percent of the fiscal year that has occurred.

With the exception of costs related to snow removal, at this point in the fiscal year there are no significant unbudgeted or unanticipated expenditures recorded and the variances shown in Attachment 2 are the result of changes in staffing levels or vacancies in departments. The City Attorney's Office has experienced a significantly greater amount of outside legal fees for litigation than their current authorized budget. Other variances in the Office of Management and Budget, Emergency Communications, Code Administration, Housing and Finance are related to vacancies and turnover of senior positions at lower costs. Where applicable, these reduced costs will be factored into the FY 2017 budget. The FY 2016 Approved Operating Budget includes \$0.8 million for weather events, and the current estimate for the snow response is approximately \$3.5 million. The City is working with the Virginia Department of Emergency Management to obtain assistance to offset these costs, but it is not known at this time whether the event will qualify for assistance. It is unlikely likely that any funds will be received in this fiscal year. As a result a reallocation from other appropriated funds and/or an appropriation from the Emergency Response Assignment of Fund Balance is planned.



Online Reference 2

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES GENERAL FUND

FOR THE PERIODS ENDING JANUARY 31, 2016 AND JANUARY 31, 2015

	_									_		_	
		В			С		D=C/B		E		F	G=F/E	
		FY2016	FY2016			FY2016				FY 2015	FY2015		
		REVISED	PROJECTED			REVENUES		%		TOTAL	REVENUES		%
	—	BUDGET		REVENUES	T	HRU 01/31/16	OF	BUDGET	_	REVENUE	T	HRU 01/31/15	OF TOTAL
General Property Taxes													
Real Property Taxes	. \$	382,088,719	\$	384,461,205	\$	188,448,008		49.3%	\$	368,179,677	\$	181,693,214	49.3%
Personal Property Taxes		43,860,000		44,660,000		42,857,191		97.7%		44,495,560		41,150,070	92.5%
Penalties and Interest		2,145,000	_	2,145,000	_	1,089,884		50.8%	_	2,065,762	_	896,748	43.4%
Total General Property Taxes	\$	428,093,719	\$	431,266,205	\$	232,395,083	_	54.3%	\$	414,740,999	\$	223,740,032	53.9%
Other Local Taxes													
Local Sales and Use Taxes	. \$	25,500,000	\$	26,300,000	\$	10,928,202		42.9%	\$	25,620,565	\$	10,588,592	41.3%
Consumer Utility Taxes		12,500,000		12,500,000		5,369,201		43.0%		12,364,106		5,144,125	41.6%
Communication Sales and Use Taxes	_	11,000,000		10,400,000		4,364,082		39.7%		10,776,792		3,621,109	33.6%
Business License Taxes		33,000,000		33,000,000		1,015,158		3.1%		33,474,138		2,471,513	7.4%
Transient Lodging Taxes	_	11,500,000		11,700,000		4,975,191		43.3%		11,371,287		5,437,399	47.8%
Restaurant Meals Tax	_	17,750,000		18,300,000		7,665,913		43.2%		17,635,886		8,061,487	45.7%
Tobacco Taxes		3,060,000		3,000,000		1,507,992		49.3%		3,020,469		1,566,390	51.9%
Motor Vehicle License Tax		3,400,000		3,400,000		3,053,722		89.8%		3,483,135		2,982,632	85.6%
Real Estate Recordation		4,700,000		5,400,000		2,873,228		61.1%		5,351,748		2,600,400	48.6%
Admissions Tax		810,000		810,000		253,725		31.3%		902,556		410,652	45.5%
Other Local Taxes		3,909,800		3,965,000		596,078		15.2%		3,652,202		156,075	4.3%
Total Other Local Taxes	\$	127,129,800	\$	128,775,000	\$	42,602,492		33.5%	\$	127,652,884	\$	43,040,374	33.7%
Intergovernmental Revenues													
•	. \$	9,650,382	\$	9,650,382	2	4,846,047		50.2%	\$	9,691,407	\$	4,162,103	42.9%
Personal Property Tax Relief from				-,,		ije saje i i				.,,		1,111,111	
the Commonwealth.		23,578,531		23,578,531		22,399,604		95.0%		23,578,531		22,399,604	95.0%
Revenue from the Commonwealth		22,759,967		22,636,020		11,647,723		51.2%		22,131,578		10,980,573	49.6%
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	55,988,880	\$	55,864,933	\$	38,893,374		69.5%	\$	55,401,516	\$	37,542,280	67.8%
Other Governmental Revenue: And													
Transfers In													
Fines and Forfeitures		6,015,000	2	5,845,000	2	2,830,696		47.1%	2	4,916,607	2	2,702,969	55.0%
Licenses and Permits		2,534,625	*	2,534,625	*	1,551,718		61.2%	*	2,455,001	*	1,519,966	61.9%
Charges for City Services		19,321,236		19,319,337		10,760,377		55.7%		18,557,721		10,005,635	53.9%
Revenue from Use of Money & Prop		4,875,080		4,575,080		2,874,792		59.0%		4,870,007		2,749,386	56.5%
Other Revenue		624,654		1,019,912		1,256,364		201.1%		7,109,874		823,832	11.6%
Transfer from Other Funds		4,573,898		4,573,898		1,230,304		0.0%		3,206,574		023,032	0.0%
Total Other Governmental Revenues	-	37,944,493	\$	37,867,852	\$	19,273,947	_	50.8%	\$	41,115,784	\$	17,801,788	43.3%
	-	37,544,433	*	31,007,002	*	15,250,541	_	50,079	-	41,110,704	*	17,002,700	45.576
TOTAL REVENUE	\$	649,156,892	\$	653,773,990	\$	333,164,896		51.3%	\$	638,911,183	\$	322,124,474	50.4%
Appropriated Fund Balance													
General Fund	\$	770,555	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$		
Appropriated refunding bond proceeds		10,645,678		10,645,678		10,645,678		0.0%		33,995,000			0.0%
Reappropriation of FY 2014								-					
Encumbrances And Other								-					
Supplemental Appropriations	_	5,192,254	_	5,192,254	_			-	_		_		-
TOTAL	\$	665,765,379	\$	669,611,922	\$	343,810,574		51.6%	\$	672,906,183	\$	322,124,474	47.9%

58.33% of Fiscal Year Completed 58.4% of Payrolls Processed Online Reference 3



COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS BY FUNCTION GENERAL FUND

FOR THE PERIODS ENDING JANUARY 31, 2016 AND JANUARY 31,2015

		В		c	D=C/B			E		F	G=F/E
		FY2016			96 OF			FY 2015	FY2015		
				FY2016				TOTAL			96
		APPROVED		PENDITURES	BUDGET			NDITURES		PENDITURES	OF
FUNCTION		BUDGET	_	HRU 01/31/16	EXPEN			CUMBRANCES		HRU 01/31/15	TOTAL
Legislative & Executive	2	5,341,378	2	2,769,571		1.9%	\$	4,920,956	2	3,054,578	62.1%
Judicial Administration	2	41,893,893	\$	23,675,565		6.5%	\$	41,033,725	2	23,970,281	58.4%
Staff Agencies											
Information Technology Services	2	10,296,766	2	5,377,892		2.2% 6.9%	2	9,530,069	2	5,395,856	56.6% 60.2%
Management & Budget Finance		1,300,872 14,487,503		610,614		3.5%		1,154,740		694,636 6,506,762	51.8%
								12,551,139			
Performance and Accountability		608,348		301,677		9.6%		488,331		189,519	38.8%
Internal Audit		364,160 3,838,818		191,837 1,702,831		2.7% 14.4%		392,621 3,170,131		265,056 1,661,960	67.5% 52.4%
Planning & Zoning				2.822.264		2.5%		5,170,131			57.1%
Economic Development Activities		5,374,473 5,327,600		3,940,977		4.0%		5,171,371		2,933,105 3,903,319	75.5%
City Attorney		2,824,822		1.897.418		7.2%		2,745,420		1,589,062	57.9%
Registrar		1,332,439		661,394		9.6%		1,116,014		675,974	60.6%
General Services		14,203,967		7.488.498		2.7%		13,895,860		7.929.232	57.1%
Total Staff Agencies		59,959,768	\$	31,298,147		2.2%	S	55,354,117	2	31,744,481	57.3%
2 one one regulation	_	37,737,100	_	32,230,217			_	33,231,227	_	22,711,102	31.374
Operating Agencies											
Transportation & Environmental Services	s	29,159,916	2	15,280,713	5	2.4%	s	27,733,020	2	15.303.777	55.2%
Project Implementation		2,038,045		875,923		3.0%		1,535,464	\$	824,992	53.7%
Fire		47,215,797		28,222,125	5	9.8%		44,199,360		24,412,112	55.2%
Police		59,047,572		34,024,511		7.6%		54,304,913		32,047,412	59.0%
Emergency Communications.		7,195,998		3,910,126	5	4.3%		6,489,868		3,820,066	58.9%
Code		137,620		49,091	3	5.7%		115,773		55,493	47.9%
Transit Subsidies.		10,253,751		7,099,692	6	9.2%		7,137,722		5,390,721	75.5%
Housing		1,843,611		919,114	4	9.9%		1,709,778		1.064.268	62.2%
Community and Human Services		13,686,580		7,560,659		5.2%		13,500,413		8,179,834	60.6%
Health		8,351,090		5,630,185	6	7.4%		7,970,262		5,648,411	70.9%
Historic Resources		2,838,780		1,558,309	5	4.9%		2,826,811		1,632,572	57.8%
Recreation.		21,650,982		12,454,003	5	7.5%		21,063,798		12,261,626	58.2%
Total Operating Agencies	\$	203,419,742	\$	117,584,451	5	7.8%	\$	188,587,182	2	110,641,284	58.7%
Education											
Schools	\$	198,811,472	\$	92,593,119	4	6.6%		191,811,472	2	91,572,268	47.7%
Other Educational Activities		11,877	_	8,978	7	5.6%		11,877	_	8,908	75.0%
Total Education	2	198,823,349	2	92,602,097	4	6.6%	\$	191,823,349	\$	91,581,176	47.7%
Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous											
Debt Service	\$	63,684,774	\$	29,543,776	4	6.4%	\$	59,738,661	2	34,172,993	57.2%
Expenses on Refunding Bonds		10,645,678		10,749,293	10	1.0%		33,858,404		-	0.0%
Non-Departmental		9,360,525		5,453,625	5	8.3%		9,859,352		5,152,344	52.3%
General Cash Capital		16,025,541		16,025,541	10	0.0%		22,854,753		-	0.0%
Contingent Reserves		10,000		-		0.0%		-			
Total Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous	\$	99,726,518	\$	61,772,235	- 6	1.9%	\$	126,311,170	2	39,325,337	31.1%
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2	609,164,648	2	329,702,067	5	4.1%	2	608,030,499	2	300,317,137	49.4%
Cash Match (Transportation/DCHS/											
and Transfers to the Special Revenue /Capital Project	2 2	37,610,229	\$	11,336,918	3	0.1%	2	40,723,456	2	11,052,940	27.1%
Transfer to Library		6,729,652		3,903,198	5	8.0%		6,468,697		3,851,974	59.5%
Transfer to DASH		12,260,850		7,111,293	5	8.0%		10,930,569		7,093,361	64.9%
TOTAL EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS	\$	665,765,379	\$	352,053,476	5	2.9%	2	666,153,221	2	322,315,412	48.4%
Total Expenditures by Category											
Salaries and Benefits	2	214,684,171	s	119,408,484	5	5.6%	\$	199,450,991	2	115,324,295	57.8%
Non Personnel (includes all school funds)		451,081,208		232,644,992		1.6%	s	466,702,230		208,742,744	44.7%
Total Expenditures	\$	665,765,379	\$			2.9%	\$	666,153,221	2	324,067,039	48.6%
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^{**} In FY 2015 Internal Audit and Performance and Accountability were combined in one department