# Housing 2040 Master Plan

AHAAC / LTRB Joint Meeting 06/05/2025



## Agenda:

01 Introduction

**02** What We Know

03 What We Heard

**04** Draft Recommendations

05 Next Steps



### Goals

#### Today we will focus on the following goals:



**STRENGTHEN** tenant protections and resources.



ENHANCE housing quality, safety, and livability to support resident health and wellbeing.









### What We Know:

2.1

Average **household size** in Alexandria

30%

of Alexandrians (5+ years of age) **speak a language other than English** at home

\$29,661

Median income of a worker with a **high school diploma** or GED

\$85,725

Median income for a worker with a **Bachelor's Degree** 







of renters make less than \$75,000 a year and are cost burdened. (15,500 Households)

## Rent Trends and the lmpact of Utilities/Fees

| Change in average July rents, adjusted for utilities | 2022-<br>2023 | 2023-<br>2024 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Studio   | 4.2%          | 9.3%          |
| 1-bedroom  | 6.7%          | 7.3%          |
| 2-bedroom  | 6.6%          | 8.2%          |
| 3-bedroom  | 9.4%          | 8.1%          |

These are citywide trends based on average rents collected in July. Rent increases charged to individual households will vary widely depending on lease terms and conditions and a property/landlord's approach to pricing and utility management.

Utility costs and fees can significantly impact how much housing a household can afford. For example, unanticipated fluctuations in costs or the application of new fees can jeopardize a household's ability to make rent.

\$100-\$400+

Typical monthly multifamily utility costs & mandatory fees

\$500-\$800+

Typical monthly multifamily condominium fee, excluding special assessments

### What We Know:

| Unit Type     | 2024 Average<br>Rent (all market-<br>rate) | Market-rate rental units delivered since 2020 |
|---------------|--|---|
| Studio        | \$1,760                                    | \$2,257                                       |
| One Bedroom   | \$2,200                                    | \$2,742                                       |
| Two Bedroom   | \$2,780                                    | \$3,674                                       |
| Three Bedroom | \$3,060                                    | \$4,887                                       |

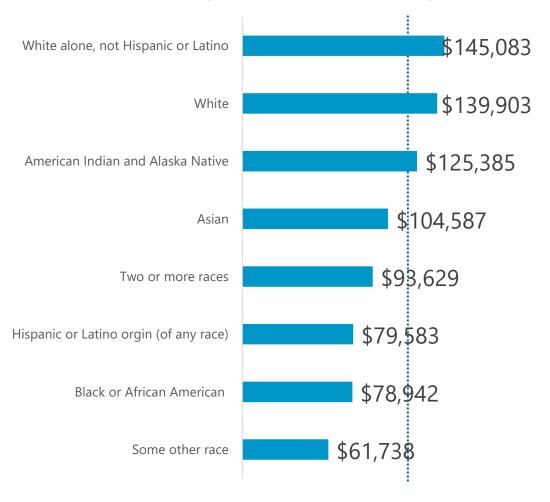


The 2025 Area Median Income for the Washington DC Metro is \$114,800 for a single person household. This represents a 6% rise from 2024.

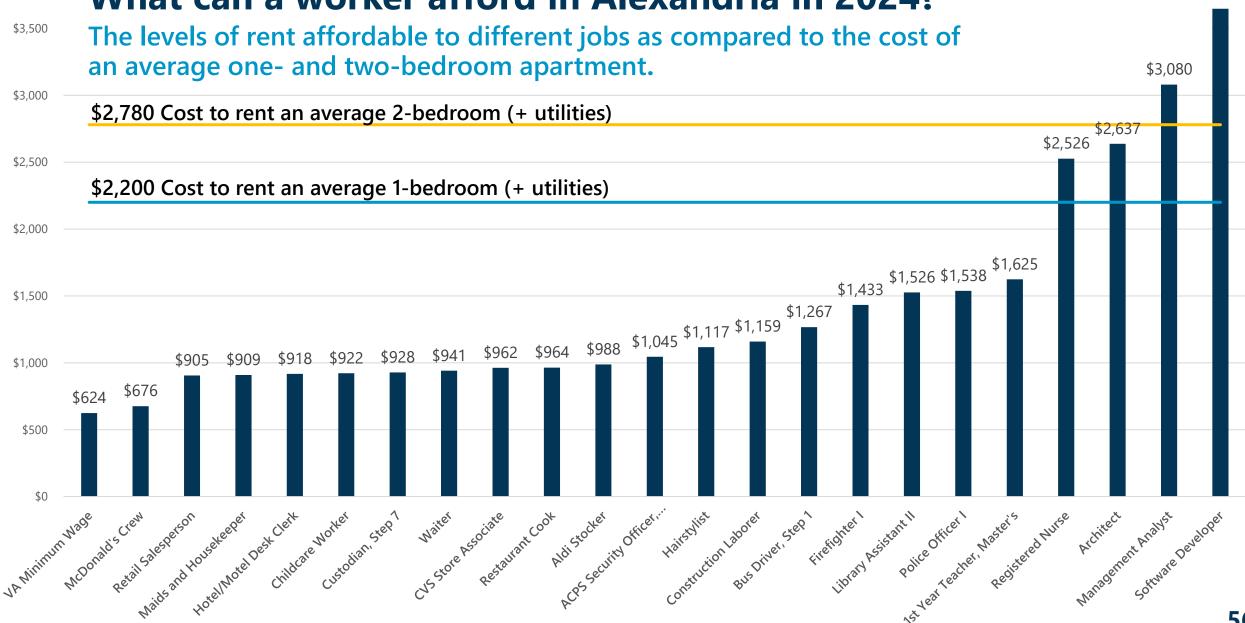


The age of our residents is, on average, increasing. **Seniors are experiencing the greatest growth**; younger adults (20-34) are experiencing the largest decline.

## **Alexandria Median Household Income by Race and Ethnicity**



#### What can a worker afford in Alexandria in 2024?

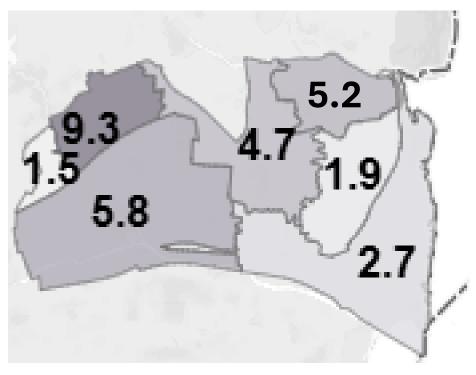


## What We Know:

| Year          | Summons<br>Issued | Writs of eviction issued | Average judgment amount |
|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| 2019          | 4,206             | 1,504                    | \$3,383                 |
| 2023          | 4,458             | 2,046                    | \$6,357                 |
| 2024          | 4,126             | 1,788                    | \$5,947                 |
| 2025<br>(YTD) | 2,135             | 682                      | \$5,424                 |

**Average judgment amounts have increased** since 2019, reflecting an increase in rental costs and fees.

## Number of unlawful detainers filed per 100 households



Eviction filing rates have reverted to prepandemic levels and continue to be concentrated in the West End.



### **Sources of Feedback**

Quantitative
Housing Needs
Assessment

**Public Survey** and Meetings

**Stakeholder Focus Groups** 

Existing
Small Area
Plans and
Regional
Framework

Targeted Literature Review



#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

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### Financial concerns create unstable housing conditions.



Unrestricted **rent increases** (often due to algorithmic pricing) require frequent moving



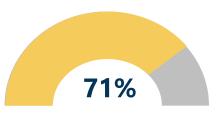
Excessive **fees** (i.e., pet rent, amenity fees, parking, etc.) continually increase and cloud actual monthly payments



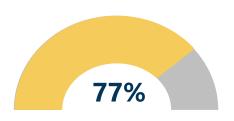
Losing housing creates **ripple effects** such as missed work, school disruption, and instability

"This year my rent increased by \$400+ and I can't even access the building from the handicap parking space in the garage. I will have to move further away from my job and the city."

-ACPS Employee



Survey respondents concerned or very concerned about annual rent increases



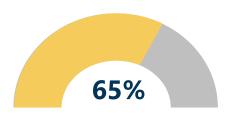
Survey respondents concerned or very concerned about **cost of rent** 

The eviction process feels confusing, unfair, and stressful.



In the City of Alexandria, **over 90% of landlords are represented in court** by an attorney, but only a handful of tenants are.

### Tenants face unsafe conditions and uneven oversight.



Survey respondents concerned or very concerned about **building conditions** 

"[There are] inadequate resources to hold landlords accountable for humane living conditions."

-City Resident



Reports of mold, rodents, and poor air quality



Maintenance requests go unaddressed even as rents increase



Tenants fear **retaliation or maintenance fees** for reporting issues



Some landlords appear **unresponsive** until there is external pressure

## Gaps in education or communication leave tenants and landlords unsupported.



Tenants don't know their rights or find out too late.



Notices and policies aren't available in residents' languages.



Landlords and tenants rarely interact outside of conflict, leaving little room for **relationship-building**.



**Landlords lack support** and information to navigate programs or resolve issues early.

"Landlord responsiveness is such a huge problem!" -City Resident







Expand educational resources and outreach for tenants and landlords.

### **Example Strategies:**



Create digital Know Your Rights (KYR) trainings and self-help materials



Expand fair housing outreach, education and training



Advocate for state-level legislative reforms.

### **Example Strategies:**

- Prioritize legislative actions focused on enhancing tenant protections, including increasing the pay or quit notice (5 to 14 days), local authority to enforce habitability requirements and just cause eviction protection
- Support legislation that would help stabilize rental housing costs. For example: limits on pet rent, amenity fees, parking fees, application fees, holding fees, etc.





Promote the implementation of comprehensive eviction prevention, diversion, and legal support programs.

### **Example Strategies:**



Continue to support Courthouse Outreach and adopt Eviction Diversion Pilot Program. (Va. Code § 55.1-1260)



Work to increase access to legal support for tenants in court.





Support initiatives and programs that enhance housing quality and habitability standards.

### **Example Strategies:**

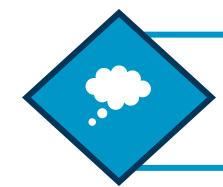


Support the Healthy Homes initiative to support landlords and tenants with housing condition issues.



Continue partnerships with Code and Health departments in education and awareness, focusing on under-served communities.





Strengthen communication and relationships between landlords and tenants.

### **Example Strategies:**



Strengthen collaboration and communication with Alexandria Redevelopment and Housing Authority (ARHA) and other properties.



Identify methods for tracking property management changes and maintain regular communication.



Expand housing affordability protections and anti-displacement strategies.

### **Example Strategies:**



Administer and continue to expand Permanent Supportive Housing units and locally funded rental assistance program.



Expand protections that would require relocation assistance and tenant right to return policies.





Build community engagement and address housing disparities.

### **Example Strategies:**



Continue to include people with lived experience in program design and policy development.



Utilize culturally appropriate communication methods (WhatsApp, inperson outreach, etc.).



## **Next Steps - Landlord Tenant**

- **Summer:** Stakeholder review of draft *recommendations* (focus groups, one-on-ones, community engagement)
- Late Summer / Early Fall: Development of draft Strategies
- Fall: Community meeting and review of draft strategies
- Late Fall / Winter: Refine and finalize Housing 2040 recommendations and strategies



## **Comments?**



